

Übungen : Potenzen mit rationalen Exponenten

1. Bestimme die L in $G = \mathbb{R}$:

a) $\frac{1}{2}x^4 - 20 = 12 \Rightarrow x = -4 \vee x = 4$

b) $2x^3 + 0,25 = 0 \Rightarrow x = -0,5$

c) $(x-4)^{-3} = 2 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{(x-4)^3} = 2 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} = (x-4)^3 \Rightarrow x-4 = \sqrt[3]{0,5}$

$\Rightarrow x = 4 + \sqrt[3]{0,5}$

Vereinfache jeweils ohne TR

2. a) $5^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot 5^{\frac{1}{4}} = 5^{\frac{3}{4}} = 5^{\frac{3}{4}} = \sqrt[4]{125}$

b) $4^{-\frac{2}{3}} \cdot 4^{\frac{3}{4}} = 4^{\frac{1}{12}} = 2^{\frac{1}{6}} = \sqrt[6]{2}$

c) $2^{\frac{3}{5}} \cdot 2^{-\frac{3}{10}} = 2^{\frac{3}{10}} = \frac{10}{\sqrt{8}}$

d) $125^{\frac{5}{6}} \cdot 125^{0,5} = 125^{\frac{4}{3}} = (\sqrt[3]{125})^4 = 625$

e) $256^{\frac{1}{12}} \cdot 256^{\frac{7}{24}} \cdot 256^{-\frac{1}{4}} = 256^{\frac{1}{8}} = 2$

f) $8^{-\frac{1}{2}} \cdot 4^{-\frac{1}{6}} = 2^{-\frac{3}{2}} \cdot 2^{-\frac{1}{3}} = 2^{-\frac{11}{6}} = 2^{-2+\frac{1}{6}} = 2^{-2} \cdot 2^{\frac{1}{6}} = \frac{\sqrt[6]{2}}{4}$

g) $10^{\frac{1}{2}} : 10^{\frac{1}{3}} = 10^{\frac{1}{6}} = \sqrt[6]{10}$

i) $2^{-\frac{2}{3}} : 2^{-0,5} = 2^{-\frac{1}{6}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt[6]{2}}$

k) $\frac{9^{\frac{2}{3}}}{9^{\frac{1}{6}}} = 9^{\frac{1}{2}} = 3$

l) $216^{-\frac{1}{4}} : 216^{\frac{5}{12}} = 216^{-\frac{2}{3}} = \frac{1}{36}$

m) $\frac{32^{0,3}}{32^{0,5}} = 32^{-0,2} = 32^{-\frac{1}{5}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt[5]{32}} = \frac{1}{2}$

3. a) $a^{\frac{5}{3}} \cdot a^{\frac{1}{2}} = a^{\frac{13}{6}} = a^{2 \cdot \frac{6}{6}} \sqrt[6]{a}$

b) $b^{-0,25} \cdot b^{\frac{1}{3}} = b^{\frac{1}{12}} = \sqrt[12]{b}$

c) $c^{-2} : c = c^{-3}$

d) $\frac{d^{-2}}{d^{\frac{3}{5}}} = d^{-2-\frac{3}{5}} = d^{-3+\frac{2}{5}} = \frac{\sqrt[5]{d^2}}{d^3}$

$$e) e^{-\frac{1}{n}} \cdot e^{-\frac{1}{n}} = e^{-\frac{2}{n}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt[n]{e^2}}$$

$$f) f^{-\frac{1}{n}} : f^{\frac{1}{2n}} = f^{-\frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{2n}} = f^{-\frac{3}{2n}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt[2n]{f^3}}$$

$$5. a) 4^{\frac{2}{5}} \cdot 2^{\frac{2}{5}} = 8^{\frac{2}{5}} = 2^{\frac{6}{5}} = 2 \cdot \sqrt[5]{2}$$

$$b) 10^{-0,4} : 2^{-0,4} = 5^{-0,4} = \frac{1}{\sqrt[5]{25}}$$

$$c) x^{\frac{2}{3}} : (2x)^{\frac{2}{3}} = \left(\frac{x}{2x}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{4}} \text{ oder } \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-1+\frac{1}{3}} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-1} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} = 2 \sqrt[3]{0,5}$$

$$d) (6x)^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} = \left(6x \cdot \frac{1}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} = \left(\frac{6}{x}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} = \sqrt[3]{\frac{6}{x}}$$

$$e) (2x)^{-\frac{1}{3}} \cdot \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} = \frac{1}{(2x)^{\frac{1}{3}}} \cdot \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} = \left(\frac{x}{2} : 2x\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} = \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} = \sqrt[3]{0,25}$$

$$6. a) (2^{\frac{1}{3}})^6 = 2^2 = 4$$

$$b) (25^{\frac{3}{4}})^{-2} = 25^{-\frac{3}{2}} = \frac{1}{(\sqrt{25})^3} = \frac{1}{125}$$

$$c) (243^{-\frac{3}{4}})^{-1,6} = 243^{1,2} = 243^{\frac{6}{5}} = 729$$

$$d) (x^{-\frac{2}{3}})^{-\frac{3}{8}} = x^{\frac{1}{4}} = \sqrt[4]{x}$$

$$e) (2^{-\frac{1}{n}})^n = 2^{-1} = \frac{1}{2}$$

7. Gib das Ergebnis als Wurzel an

$$a) \sqrt[3]{4} \cdot \sqrt[4]{4} = 4^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot 4^{\frac{1}{4}} = 4^{\frac{7}{12}} = 2^{\frac{7}{6}} = 2 \cdot \sqrt[6]{2}$$

$$b) \sqrt[5]{3} : \sqrt{3} = 3^{\frac{1}{5}} : 3^{\frac{1}{2}} = 3^{-\frac{3}{10}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt[10]{27}} = \sqrt[10]{\frac{1}{27}}$$

$$c) \sqrt[4]{2^9} \cdot \sqrt{2^9} = 2^{\frac{9}{4}} \cdot 2^{\frac{9}{2}} = 2^{\frac{27}{4}} = 2^{6+\frac{3}{4}} = 2^6 \cdot \sqrt[4]{2^3} = 64 \cdot \sqrt[4]{8}$$

$$d) \sqrt[3]{2} \cdot \sqrt[3]{4} = 2^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot 4^{\frac{1}{3}} = 8^{\frac{1}{3}} = 2$$

$$e) \sqrt[4]{10x} : \sqrt[4]{2x} = (10x)^{\frac{1}{4}} : (2x)^{\frac{1}{4}} = 5^{\frac{1}{4}} = \sqrt[4]{5}$$

$$f) \sqrt[3]{\sqrt[3]{5}} = (5^{\frac{1}{3}})^{\frac{1}{3}} = 5^{\frac{1}{9}} = \sqrt[9]{5}$$

$$g) \sqrt[n]{\sqrt[3]{a}} = (a^{\frac{1}{3}})^{\frac{1}{n}} = a^{\frac{1}{3n}} = \sqrt[3n]{a}$$

$$h) \frac{\sqrt{b} \cdot \sqrt[3]{b}}{\sqrt[4]{b^3}} = \frac{b^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot b^{\frac{1}{3}}}{b^{\frac{3}{4}}} = b^{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} - \frac{3}{4}} = b^{\frac{1}{12}} = \sqrt[12]{b}$$

$$i) \frac{\sqrt[6]{2x} : \sqrt[3]{x}}{\sqrt{x} : \sqrt[4]{x}} = \frac{(2x)^{\frac{1}{6}} : x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{x^{\frac{1}{2}} : x^{\frac{1}{4}}} = \frac{2^{\frac{1}{6}} \cdot x^{\frac{1}{6}} : x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{x^{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{4}}} = \frac{2^{\frac{1}{6}} \cdot x^{-\frac{1}{6}}}{x^{\frac{1}{4}}} = 2^{\frac{1}{6}} x^{-\frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{4}} = 2^{\frac{1}{6}} x^{-\frac{5}{12}} =$$

$$= 2^{\frac{2}{12}} x^{-\frac{5}{12}} = \sqrt[12]{2^2 x^{-5}} = \sqrt[12]{\frac{4}{x^5}}$$

$$k) \frac{y}{\sqrt[3]{y^2} \cdot \sqrt[4]{y}} = \frac{y}{y^{\frac{2}{3}} \cdot y^{\frac{1}{4}}} = \frac{y}{y^{\frac{11}{12}}} = y^{\frac{1}{12}} = \sqrt[12]{y}$$

8. Radiziere teilweise :

$$a) \sqrt[3]{6^4} = 6^{\frac{4}{3}} = 6^{1 + \frac{1}{3}} = 6 \cdot \sqrt[3]{6}$$

$$b) \sqrt[3]{0,5^7} = 0,5^{\frac{7}{3}} = 0,5^{2 + \frac{1}{3}} = 0,5^2 \cdot 0,5^{\frac{1}{3}} = 0,25 \cdot \sqrt[3]{0,5}$$

$$c) \sqrt[4]{x^8} = x^2$$

$$d) \frac{\sqrt[3]{40}}{2} = \frac{40^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2} = \frac{(8 \cdot 5)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2} = \frac{8^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot 5^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2} = \sqrt[3]{5}$$

$$e) \frac{15}{\sqrt[3]{500}} = \frac{15}{\sqrt[3]{125 \cdot 4}} = \frac{15}{5 \cdot \sqrt[3]{4}} = \frac{3}{\sqrt[3]{4}}$$

9. Mache den Nenner rational :

$$a) \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{2}} = \frac{1}{2^{\frac{1}{3}}} = \frac{1 \cdot 2^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot 2^{\frac{2}{3}}} = \frac{\sqrt[3]{4}}{2}$$

$$b) \frac{2}{\sqrt[4]{4}} = \frac{2}{4^{\frac{1}{4}}} = \frac{2}{2^{\frac{1}{2}}} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} = \sqrt{2}$$

$$c) \frac{2}{\sqrt[3]{5^2}} = \frac{2}{5^{\frac{2}{3}}} = \frac{2 \cdot 5^{\frac{1}{3}}}{5} = 0,4 \cdot \sqrt[3]{5}$$

$$d) \sqrt[5]{\frac{2}{3}} = \frac{\sqrt[5]{2}}{\sqrt[5]{3}} = \frac{2^{\frac{1}{5}}}{3^{\frac{1}{5}}} = \frac{2^{\frac{1}{5}} \cdot 3^{\frac{4}{5}}}{3^{\frac{1}{5}} \cdot 3^{\frac{4}{5}}} = \frac{2^{\frac{1}{5}} \cdot (3^4)^{\frac{1}{5}}}{3} = \frac{\sqrt[5]{2 \cdot 3^4}}{3} = \frac{\sqrt[5]{162}}{3}$$

10. Berechne bzw. vereinfache :

$$a) \sqrt[3]{2a^2} \cdot \sqrt[3]{32a} = (2a^2)^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot (32a)^{\frac{1}{3}} = (64a^3)^{\frac{1}{3}} = 4a$$

$$b) \sqrt{b} \cdot \sqrt[5]{b^{-2}} \cdot \sqrt[10]{b} = b^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot b^{-\frac{2}{5}} \cdot b^{\frac{1}{10}} = b^{\frac{1}{5}} = \sqrt[5]{b}$$

$$c) \sqrt[3]{2c^2 \sqrt{2c}} \cdot \sqrt{2c \sqrt[4]{2c^3}} = [2c^2 \cdot (2c)^{\frac{1}{2}}]^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot [2c \cdot (2c^3)^{\frac{1}{4}}]^{\frac{1}{2}} = [2c^2 \cdot 2^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot c^{\frac{1}{2}}]^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot [2c \cdot 2^{\frac{3}{4}} c^{\frac{3}{4}}]^{\frac{1}{2}} =$$

$$= [2^{\frac{3}{2}} \cdot c^{\frac{5}{2}}]^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot [2^{\frac{5}{4}} c^{\frac{7}{4}}]^{\frac{1}{2}} = 2^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot c^{\frac{5}{6}} \cdot 2^{\frac{5}{8}} \cdot c^{\frac{7}{8}} = 2^{\frac{9}{8}} c^{\frac{41}{24}} = 2c \cdot \sqrt[24]{8c^{17}}$$

$$d) \left(\sqrt[6]{\frac{a^4 c^5}{b^3}} : \sqrt[4]{\frac{a^2 b}{c^3}} \right) \cdot \frac{\sqrt{b \sqrt{b}}}{\sqrt[4]{a^2 c^5}} = \left(\frac{a^{\frac{2}{3}} c^{\frac{5}{6}}}{b^{\frac{1}{2}}} : \frac{a^{\frac{1}{2}} b^{\frac{1}{4}}}{c^{\frac{3}{4}}} \right) \cdot \frac{b^{\frac{1}{2}} b^{\frac{1}{4}}}{a^{\frac{1}{2}} c^{\frac{5}{4}}} = a^{-\frac{1}{3}} c^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$e) (a^{\frac{1}{3}} - 3a^{-\frac{1}{3}})^2 = a^{\frac{2}{3}} - 6 + a^{-\frac{2}{3}} \quad \text{Binomische Formel !}$$

$$f) (a^{\frac{1}{2}} + a^{-\frac{1}{4}})(a^{\frac{1}{2}} - a^{-\frac{1}{4}}) = a - a^{-\frac{1}{2}} \quad \text{Binomische Formel !}$$

Testaufgaben

1. Vereinfache

$$a) \sqrt[4]{2^6} : \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-3} = 2^{\frac{6}{4}} \cdot 2^3 = 2^{\frac{9}{2}} = 16\sqrt{2}$$

$$b) (2b^3)^2 : (4b^{-4})^{\frac{1}{2}} = 4b^6 : (2b^{-2}) = 2b^8$$

$$c) \sqrt[3]{b^6} : \left(\frac{1}{27b^3} \right)^{-\frac{1}{3}} = b^2 : (27b^3)^{\frac{1}{3}} = b^2 : (3b) = \frac{b}{3}$$

$$d) \sqrt{\frac{a}{b}} \cdot \sqrt[3]{\frac{b^3}{a}} = \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot \left(\frac{b^3}{a} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} = \frac{a^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot b}{b^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot a^{\frac{1}{3}}} = a^{\frac{1}{6}} b^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$e) \frac{(a^2)^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot \sqrt{a^7}}{a^4 \cdot \sqrt[6]{a}} = \frac{a^{\frac{2}{3}} \cdot a^{\frac{7}{2}}}{a^4 \cdot a^{\frac{1}{6}}} = a^{\frac{2}{3} + \frac{7}{2} - 4 - \frac{1}{6}} = a^0 = 1$$

$$f) \sqrt[9]{x^6 \cdot \sqrt[4]{x^{12}}} = [x^6 \cdot x^3]^{\frac{1}{9}} = x$$

$$g) (3x^3)^3 : (9x^{-3})^{\frac{1}{3}} = 3^3 x^3 : (9^{\frac{1}{3}} x^{-1}) = \frac{3^3 x^3}{3^{\frac{1}{3}} x^{-1}} = 3^{\frac{7}{3}} x^4 = 9x^4 \cdot \sqrt[3]{3}$$

$$h) \left(\frac{\sqrt[12]{x^5}}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{x}}{\sqrt[6]{x}} \right) \cdot \sqrt[12]{\frac{1}{x}} = \left(\frac{x^{\frac{5}{12}}}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{x^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x^{\frac{1}{6}}} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{x} \right)^{\frac{1}{12}} = (x^{\frac{1}{12}} + x^{\frac{1}{12}}) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{x} \right)^{\frac{1}{12}} =$$

$$= 2x^{\frac{1}{12}} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{x} \right)^{\frac{1}{12}} = 2$$

$$i) \sqrt[4]{\frac{a^9}{\sqrt{a^3}}} - 2 \cdot \sqrt{a^3 \cdot \sqrt[4]{a^3}} = \left(\frac{a^9}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} - 2 \cdot (a^3 \cdot a^{\frac{3}{4}})^{\frac{1}{2}} = a^{\frac{15}{8}} - 2a^{\frac{15}{8}} = -a^{\frac{15}{8}}$$

$$j) \sqrt{a \cdot \sqrt[3]{a}} \cdot \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{a^2}} \cdot \sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{a^{-4}}}} = (a \cdot a^{\frac{1}{3}})^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot a^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot a^{-\frac{1}{2}} = \sqrt{a}$$

2. Bestimme die Lösungsmenge in $G = \mathbb{R}$:

$$\left(17 - 3 \cdot \sqrt{5x-1} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} = 2 \Rightarrow 17 - 3 \cdot \sqrt{5x-1} = 8 \Rightarrow -3 \cdot \sqrt{5x-1} = -9$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{5x-1} = 3 \Rightarrow 5x-1 = 9 \Rightarrow x = 2$$